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# SilF4ware

- RCGroups thread
- Github Repository

# **Hardware**

## Receiver

#### NRF24

The mini module is the lightest option ( $\sim$ 0.5g) and is recommended for micro quads. The module with PA+LNA (GT-24) provides a bigger range, but weight ( $\sim$ 1.1g) and power consumption is higher.

#### Mini

It can be found using "nrf24l01 mini" as search term (Banggood). For adding a wire antenna, see this post.

Pin	Function
1	VCC (needs to be bridged with CE)
2	GND
3	CE (needs to be bridged with VCC)
4	CSN
5	SCK
6	MOSI
7	MISO
8	IRQ (not used)

### **PA LNA (GT-24)**

It can be found with "GT-24" as search term (Banggood). For adding an U.FL antenna, see this post.

## **XN297**

- Can be harvested from toy transmitters like H101, H8, ...
- DIY PCB
- There is a XN297L module commercially available (Banggood), but no one has tested it yet.

# **Flight Controller**

# Last update: 2020/04/28 19:24

### **Omnibus**

It lacks a BOOT button, but the LRD gesture can be used to switch it into DFU mode.

Omnibus	NRF24 Mini
3.3V	VCC (bridge with CE)
GND	GND
	CE (bridge with VCC)
SBUS_PPM	CSN
LED_STRIP	SCK
TX1	MOSI
RX1 (DSM)	MISO
	IRQ

#### NOX

See SilF4ware/STM32F411 NOXE/board pinout.jpg

## NOX v1

# **Basic Configuration**

Main configuration is done in SilF4ware/config.h.

## **Receiver**

The default configuration is setup for NRF24 modules. If using a NRF24 module with PA LNA, it is recommended to adjust TX\_POWER in SilF4ware/config.h:

```
#define TX_POWER 1 // 0 .. 3 (use 1 when using an nRF24L01 PA LNA module)
```

If using a XN297 module, see <a href="radio\_config.txt">radio\_config.txt</a> file for configuration notes.

# **Battery Cell Count**

Default setup is configured for 4S batteries. Make sure to adjust CELL\_COUNT\_UNSCALED in SilF4ware/battery.c if needed. As an example, for a 2S setup:

#define CELL\_COUNT\_UNSCALED 2 // Voltage divider, idle\_offset, and PID values tuned for 4S.

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### **Dshot**

Default setup is configured for using Dshot 300+RPM Filter. If using RPM Filter, the number of magnets on the motor bell needs to be configured correctly in SilF4ware/drv\_dshot\_bidir.c:

```
#define MOTOR_POLE_COUNT 14 // usually on 22xx motors and above
// #define MOTOR_POLE_COUNT 12 // usually on 18xx motors and below
```

If using conventional D-Shot, adjust SilF4ware/hardware.h:

```
#define DSHOT_DMA_BIDIR // needed for RPM_FILTER, 4k loop frequency max
// #define DSHOT_DMA_DRIVER // conventional Dshot, consumes less cycles,
works for 8k loop frequency
// #define DSHOT_DRIVER // delay version
```

# 2D/3D Flying

3D flying is enabled by default. If using a 2D setup, following changes are needed:

In the main config file (config.h):

```
//#define INVERTED_ENABLE
#define FN_INVERTED CH_OFF
//#define LEVEL_MODE_INVERTED_ENABLE // be careful when enabling this
```

In the dshot configuration file (when using RPM Filter: drv dshot bidir.c):

```
// Enable this for 3D. The 'Motor Direction' setting in BLHeliSuite must be
set to 'Bidirectional' (or 'Bidirectional Rev.') accordingly:
//#define BIDIRECTIONAL
```

### Misc

- Props out configuration is enabled by default (comment INVERT YAW PID to disable it)
- Default rates are very high, adjust them if needed
- PID configuration for acro mode is done in SilF4ware/pid.c and for level mode in SilF4ware/angle\_pid.c

# **Advanced Features**

# **Analog Aux Channels**

The variables aux\_analog[ 0 ] and aux\_analog[ 1 ] hold a value between 0.0 and 2.0 which can be used in various places in the code. Per default they are used to tweak Kp and Kd respectively. This is

done in SilF4ware/pid.c:

```
#define AA_pidkp ( x <2 ? pdScaleValue * aux_analog[ 0 ] : 1.0f ) // Scale
Kp and Kd only for roll and pitch.
#define AA_pidki 1.0f
#define AA_pidkd ( x <2 ? pdScaleValue * aux_analog[ 1 ] : 1.0f ) // Scale
Kp and Kd only for roll and pitch.</pre>
```

If you want to use them for something else, change the define for AA\_pidkp and AA\_pidkd to look similar to the one for AA\_pidki:

```
#define AA_pidkp 1.0f
#define AA_pidki 1.0f
#define AA_pidkd 1.0f
```

Now you could use aux\_analog[ 0 ] and aux\_analog[ 1 ] for example to tune the filter frequency by adding it to config.h like this:

```
#define GYRO_LPF_2ND_HZ_BASE 400 * aux_analog[ 0 ]
#define GYRO_LPF_2ND_HZ_MAX 400 * aux_analog[ 1 ]
```

(Original post)

# **Blackbox Logging**

Blackbox logging is possible with an external logging device. See details here

# **Using**

## **Gestures**

- PID Tuning: some gestures have been swapped in comparison to other silverware branches: UDD switches to the next column and UDU to the next row
- LRU: reboot flight controller (nice when otherwise one would unplug and replug the battery)
- LRD: switch to DFU mode (nice if the BOOT button is mechanically hard to reach after installing the FC into a quad)

# **Motors test mode**

With default setup, when using LLU stick gesture (Left, Left, Up) SilF4ware switches into motor test mode (MOTORS\_TO\_THROTTLE). It can be used to verify that the configured motor order is correct, but also to check for bad/noisy props.

In motor test mode, push the stick in the corresponding direction, e.g. left up will make the motor spin which is configured as front left.

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LLD stick gesture (Left, Left, Down) turns this mode off again.

If you are used to other silverware branches, please note that with SilF4ware it is not needed to adjust the idle offset to make sure that only one motor spins.

## **Devo TX**

A Devo 7E build and model file which is able to display PID values can be found in this post. Note that it will only display PIDs set via gestures, not when set via analog aux channels.

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